Change Ensurance®

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Agenda

- Why worry about change?
- Change programs—success or failure?
- Why does change fail?
- How to ensure success
- Case study
- Change Ensurance[®]



Nothing endures but change.

Heraclitus, Greek Philosopher



Observe always that everything is the result of a change...

Marcus Aurelius, Roman Emperor



I cannot say whether things will get better if we change; what I can say is they must change if they are to get better.

Georg Christoph Lichtenberg, Physicist



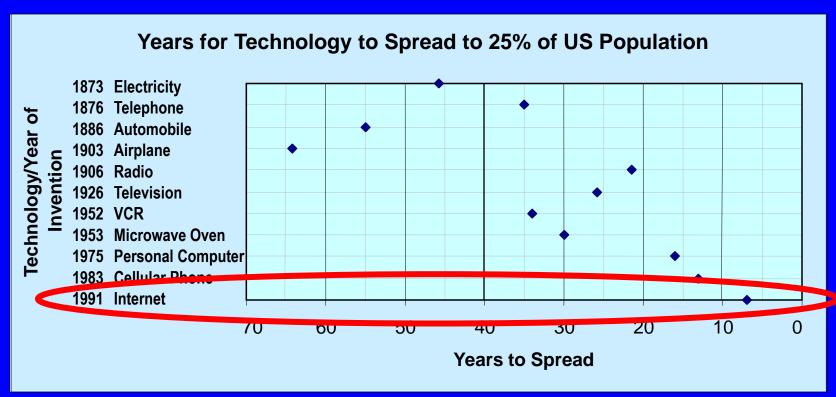
Change does not necessarily assure progress, but progress implacably requires change.

Henry Steele Commager, Historian

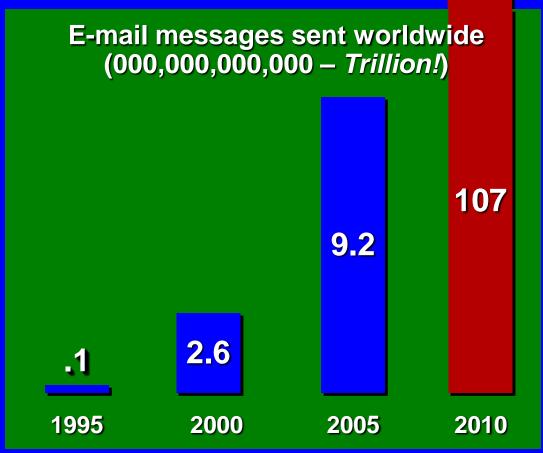


If anything is certain, it is that change is certain.

Philip Crosby, Quality Guru



Source: NCPA Policy Backgrounder No. 147. Technology and Economic Growth in the Information Age, March 12, 1998.



Source: IDC and Radicati Group

How long does it take to go 20 miles?



One Minute



One Hour

One Day

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Change programs—success or failure?

What is your experience?

3

4

5

Failed to meet objectives in some significant way(s)

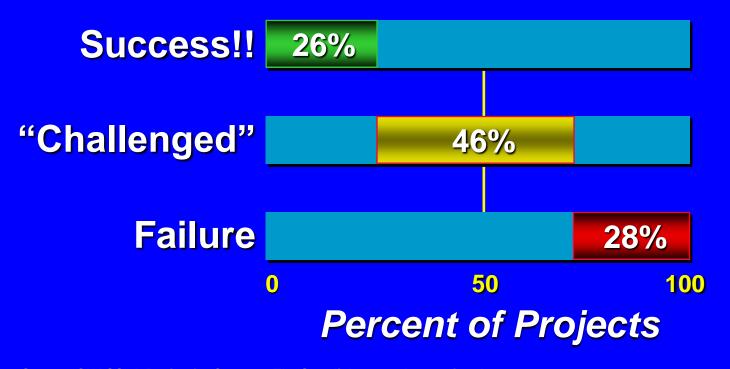
Achieved full success

Change programs—success or failure?

The great majority fail!

- Consulting firm: "...meeting less than 30% of redesigns' stated goals"
- Hammer: "70% of reengineering efforts fail to achieve their objectives"
- Major chemical company: "...only limited success with many of our major change efforts"
- Research survey, 350 execs: 40% highly dissatisfied with their organizations' major change efforts

Change programs—success or failure?



Source: CHAOS, A Recipe for Success, The Standish Group International

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Why Do Projects Fail?

Three biggest contributors to IT project failure account for 50%:

- No/Low User Involvement
- Lack of Executive Support
- Unclear Business Objectives

Not "the wrong package" or "the network"

Source: CHAOS, A Recipe for Success, The Standish Group International

Why does change fail?

- We fail to have committed and active leadership participation
- We don't change the culture
- We don't have energetic involvement of an empowered workforce
- We fail to communicate and measure effectively
- We don't align HR systems with the objectives of the change

Source: Organizational Change: Managing the Human Side, an APQC White Paper

Why does change fail?

- We sell solutions rather than problems/ opportunities
- Key stakeholders are not involved early on
- We focus on the change, not on the people
- We don't think and act systemically
- We think change is a linear, rational process
- New roles, relationships, and responsibilities are not clearly defined and integrated
- Leadership does not "walk the talk"
- Differing views are not seen as legitimate
- Little attention is paid to intrinsic rewards
- Extrinsic rewards are not aligned with new processes

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Explain

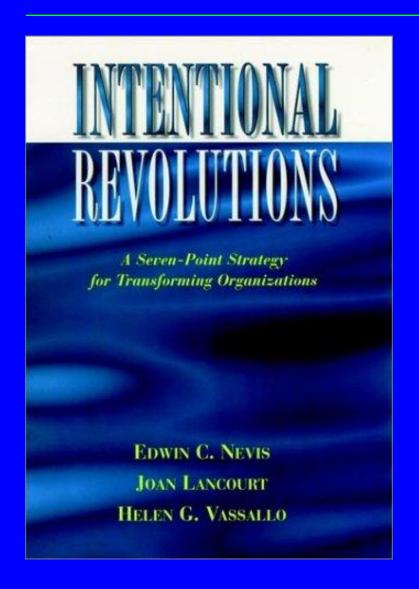
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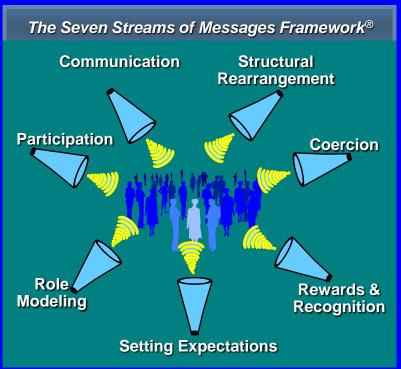
Enlist

Enroll



Seven Streams of Messages Framework[©]





Adapted From: Nevis, Lancourt & Vassallo, Intentional Revolutions, Jossey-Bass, 1996

Intentional Revolutions Nevis, Lancourt, & Vassallo Jossey-Bass, 1996

Seven Streams of Messages Framework[©]

Communication
Shares what/why

Coercion
Breaks the status quo

Rewards
Reinforce desired
behaviors



Participation Enables ownership

Role Modeling
Lets people copy
what they see

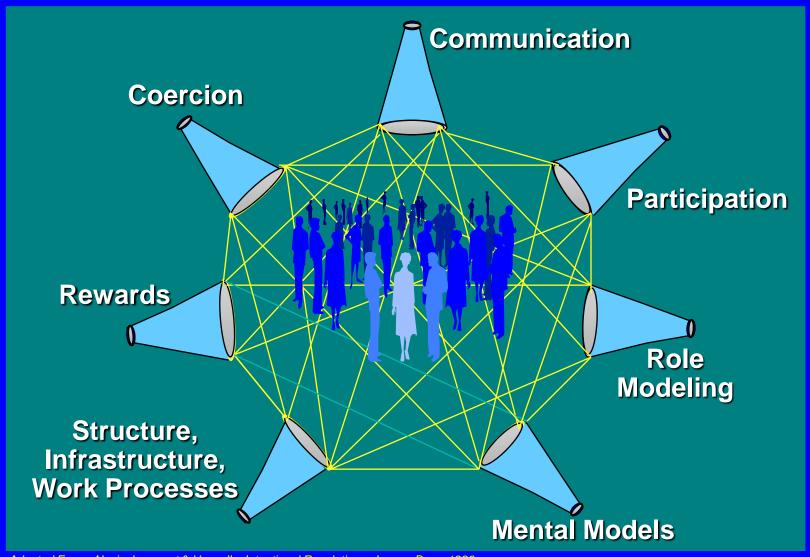
Structure, Infrastructure, Work Processes

Define work processes and relationships

Mental Models
Act as filters on reality

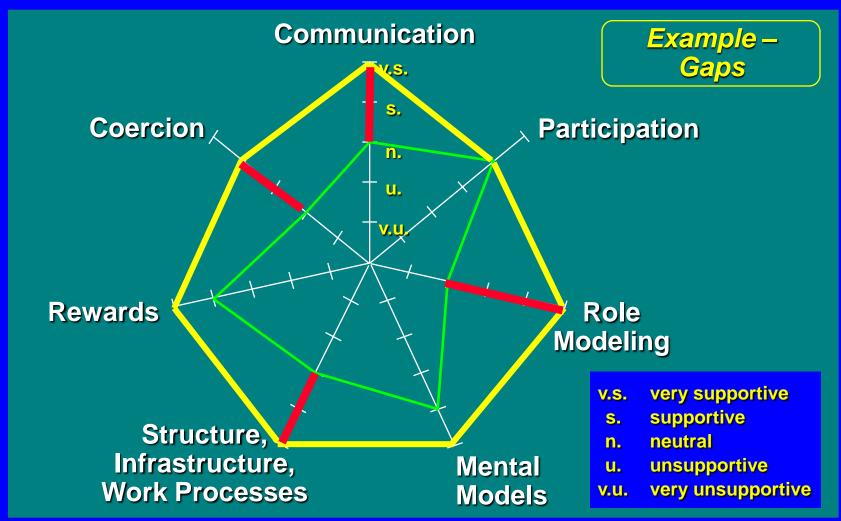
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Message blitz



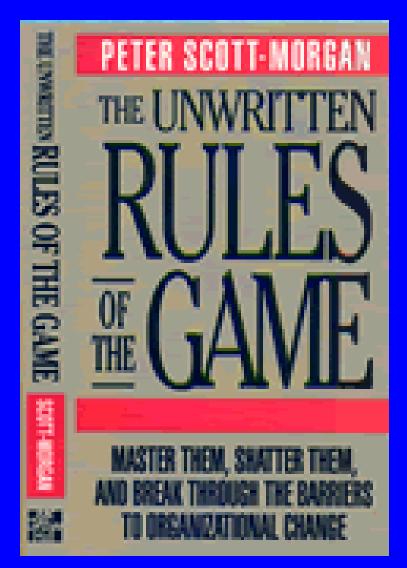
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3. Identify and address gaps



Adapted From: Nevis, Lancourt & Vassallo, Intentional Revolutions, Jossey-Bass, 1996

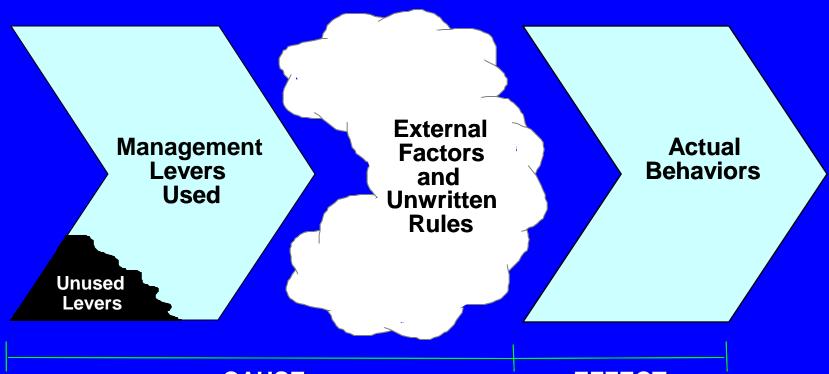
Other tools certainly exist





The Unwritten Rules of the Game Peter Scott-Morgan McGraw-Hill, 1994

Unwritten rules act as drivers of behavior and barriers to change



CAUSE EFFECT

Linking behavior to management levers, the tool provides guidance on how to change.

Compliance

- Genuine Compliance
- Formal Compliance
- Grudging Compliance
- Vicious Obedience
- None

Adapted from: Visionary Leadership and Planning, an Innovation Associates Course

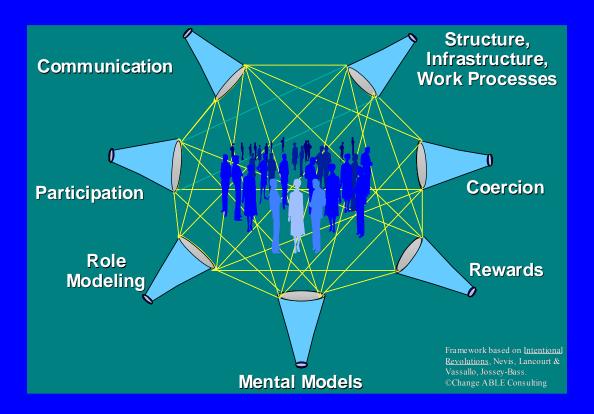
Commitment

Enrollment



Adapted from: Visionary Leadership and Planning, an Innovation Associates Course

It's all about messages



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Case example

- Division of a large global corporation
- Slow revenue growth; rapid cost increases
- Jumble of systems and processes inherited from several acquisitions
- Management: "simplify and streamline" reduce costs while improving service
- Strategy: appoint "empowered," top-notch task force to plan/coordinate implementation

Seeds of Failure

- Goals and objectives were never clarified
- Task force knowingly agreed to an undoable time line
- Task force moved quickly to technological solutions
- Senior management attendance was erratic
- Task force attendance was erratic
- Un-addressed conflicts simmered

Seeds of Failure, Continued

- Interface issues un-addressed; declared "out of scope"
- Performance and reward systems not changed
- Morale on the task force was low
- No time taken to reflect on the change process
- Task force recommendations seen as too risky by senior management

Result: Objectives not achieved

Lack of shared vision, objectives, expectations

Managers' nonattendance

Task force members' job requirements

Lack of task force training

Impossible to achieve results

No reflection process

Management dismissed recommendations

Perception: managers not fully committed

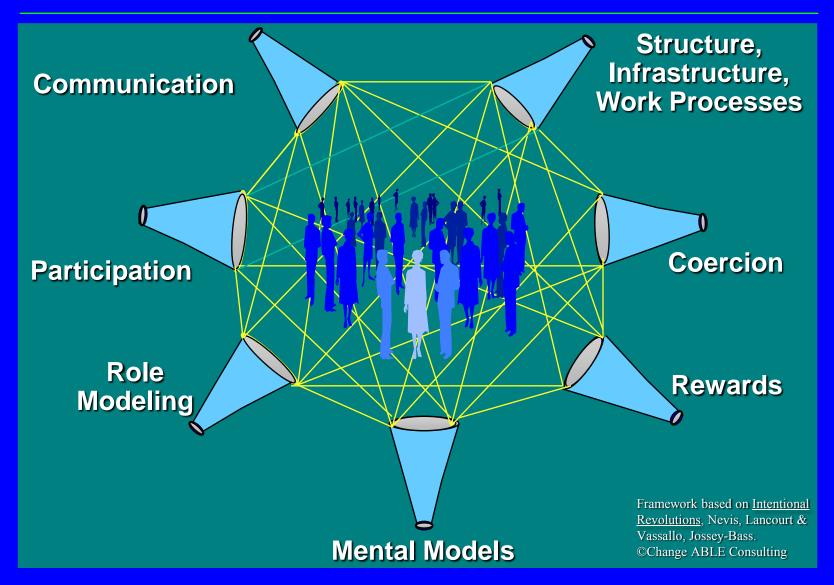
Task force members miss meetings

Low task force effectiveness

Perceived failure = declining commitment

Unable to change course

Seven Streams of Messages Framework[©]



The Seeds of Failure

- Vision, scope, goals & objectives not clearly/ mutually defined or communicated
- Erratic, ineffective participation by task force and senior managers
- Senior managers did not provide time/resources for task force work
- Erratic attendance

- Lack of team training and no process for reflection
- Old infrastructures remained in place

Communication Infrastructure
Work Processes

Participation

Coercion

Role Modeling

Mental Models

 Information technology is "the" solution Senior mangers did not put a "stake in the ground"

 Old behaviors continue to be rewarded

Framework based on Intentional Revolutions, Nevis, Lancourt & Vassallo, Jossey-Bass.

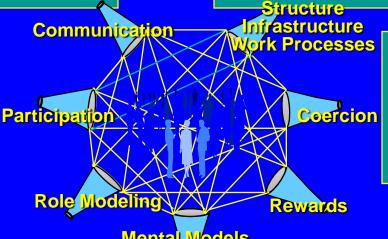
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Good

Mixed Messages

- Vision, scope, goals & objectives not clearly/ mutually defined or communicated
- Task force trained in productive conversation skills
- Key stakeholders not involved
- Senior managers provide time/resources for task force work
- Consistent attendance

- Team training
- Formal process for reflection
- Old infrastructures remained in place



Mental Models

 Information technology is "the" solution Senior mangers put "stake in the ground"

 Old behaviors continue to be rewarded

Framework based on Intentional Revolutions, Nevis, Lancourt & Vassallo, Jossey-Bass. ©Change ABLE Consulting

Rooting Out The Seeds Of Failure

- Vision, scope, goals & objectives clearly/ mutually defined and continuously communicated
- Business case for new processes continually communicated
- Task force trained in productive conversation skills
- All key stakeholders involved in solution

- Team training
- Formal process for reflection
- New infrastructures include smooth interfaces with infrastructures that remain

Infrastructure
Work Processes

Participation

Communication

Coercion

 Senior mangers put "stake in the ground"

- Senior managers provide time/resources for task force work
- Senior managers support resolution of interface issues

Mental Models

• Successful change involves people in understanding and designing the solution

 Reward systems redesigned to support new ways of working

Framework based on <u>Intentional Revolutions</u>, Nevis, Lancourt & Vassallo, Jossey-Bass.

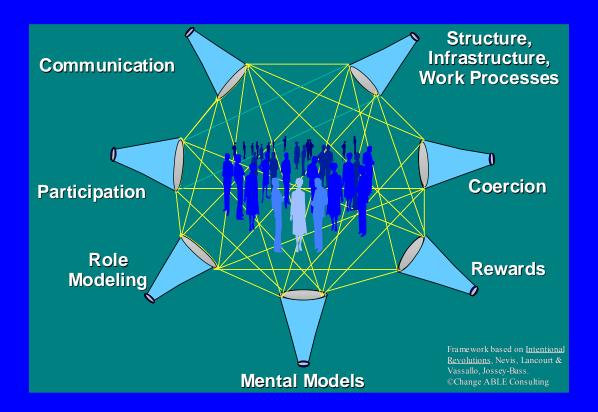
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Change Ensurance®

Build on the Seven Streams



Finding seeds of failure



1

2

3

4

Almost always untrue

Almost always true

- 1. Objectives for our change initiatives are clear and consistently understood by all the people involved in change effort.
- 2. Formal communications and informal signals (e.g., managers' behaviors and/or reward systems) all give consistent messages about our change programs.
- Differing points of view are heard, discussed, and resolved.

Finding seeds of failure

Example

1

2

3

4

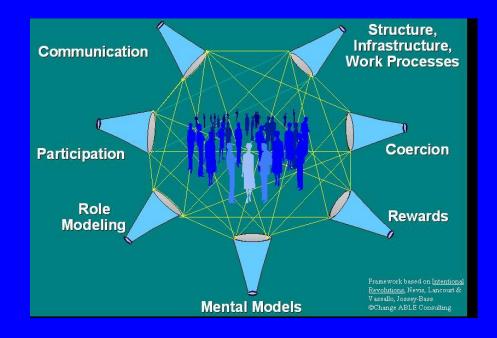
Almost always true

Almost always untrue

- 4. We regularly take time to reflect on our progress and, if necessary, change direction.
- 5. Management never discards recommendations because they aren't "what they had in mind."
- 6. Management's expectations are consistent with the constraints they set.

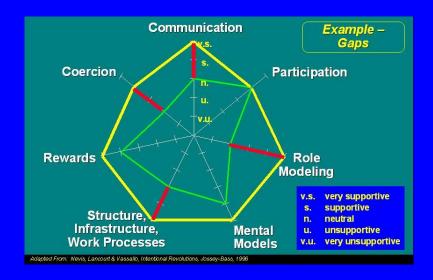
Finding seeds of failure

- Full tool comprises ~100 questions
- Each question relates to one or more of the Seven Streams



Ensuring success

- A weighted scoring scheme converts answers to positions on a virtual spider chart
- The scores in different categories and on specific questions suggest avenues of remediation to prepare for change



Change is certain!

